labour and that the Prices Board will not ask for the allocation of either labour or materials except in the case of certain essential goods. Further it has been made clear that the 1941 basic price must be observed in respect of goods manufactured for civilian consumption and that what would have been an appropriate price in 1941 will be applied to commodities for which a basic period is lacking.

PART I.—GENERAL ANALYSES OF MANUFACTURING IN THE DOMINION

Section 1.—Growth of Manufacturing in Canada

This section gives a picture of the growth of manufacturing, in general, as shown by comparable principal statistics, i.e., establishments, capital, employees, salaries and wages paid, cost of materials, and values of products. Other useful comparisons are made in Table 4 and figures of consumption are given in Table 5. Tables 6 and 7 show volume comparisons.

1.—Historical Summary of Statistics of Manufactures for the Dominion, 1917-1943

Note.—Statistics of manufacturing from 1870 have been published, but between that year and 1917 they are not on a comparable basis to the series given below. They will be found in Table 1 in former editions of the Year Book. Statistics of the non-ferrous metal smelting industries were included in manufactures for the first time in 1925.

Year	Estab- lish- ments	Capital	Em- ployees	Salaries and Wages	Cost of Materials	Net Value of Products ¹	Gross Value of Products
	No.	\$	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
1917	21,777 22,083 22,532 20,848 21,016 21,080 20,709 20,981 21,301 21,501 21,501 22,516 22,516 23,102 23,780 24,034 24,334 24,334 25,513 26,293 26,513 26,293 27,862	$\begin{array}{c} 2,333,991,229\\ 2,518,197,329\\ 2,670,559,435\\ 2,923,667,011\\ 2,697,858,073\\ 2,867,493,290\\ 2,788,051,530\\ 2,895,317,508\\ 3,065,730,916\\ 3,208,071,197\\ 3,454,825,529\\ 3,804,062,566\\ 4,004,882,009\\ 3,454,825,529\\ 3,804,062,566\\ 4,004,882,009\\ 3,454,825,529\\ 3,804,052,75,510\\ 3,279,259,338\\ 3,249,348,864\\ 3,216,403,127\\ 3,271,263,531\\ 3,465,227,331\\ 3,465,633,018\\ 3,647,024,449\\ 4,095,716,836\\ 4,905,503,966\\ 5,488,785,545\\ 5,488,785,545\\ 6,317,166,727\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 602,179;\\ 594,066\\ 598,893\\ 438,555\\ 4456,256\\ 506,203\\ 457,610\\ 506,203\\ 457,610\\ 5159,5052\\ 631,429\\ 666,531\\ 459,666,531\\ 429,666,531\\ 448,853\\ 468,658\\ 519,812,2016\\ 658,114\\ 452,016\\ 658,114\\ 472,244\\ 961,178\\ 1,152,001\\ 1,152,001\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 667, 991, [11]\\ 601, 715, 668\\ 717, 493, 876\\ 497, 399, 761\\ 489, 397, 230\\ 549, 529, 631\\ 534, 467, 675\\ 566, 944, 442\\ 625, 682, 242\\ 721, 471, 634\\ 477, 291, 217\\ 7291, 217\\ 697, 555, 378\\ 587, 566, 990\\ 473, 601, 716\\ 436, 247, 824\\ 503, 851, 055\\ 559, 467, 777\\ 705, 668, 589\\ 721, 727, 037\\ 705, 668, 589\\ 721, 727, 037\\ 705, 668, 589\\ 737, 811, 153\\ 920, 872, 865\\ 1, 264, 862, 483\\ \end{array}$	4,037,102,725	$\begin{array}{c} 1,281,131,980\\ 1,399,794,849\\ 1,442,400,638\\ 1,621,273,348\\ 1,123,694,263\\ 1,03,266,106\\ 1,206,332,107\\ 1,075,458,459\\ 1,307,686,726\\ 1,305,168,549\\ 1,427,649,292\\ 1,597,887,676\\ 1,755,386,937\\ 1,522,377,125\\ 1,252,017,248\\ 955,960,724\\ 919,671,181\\ 1,087,301,742\\ 1,153,485,104\\ 1,289,592,672\\ 1,538,55,104\\ 1,289,592,672\\ 1,538,55,104\\ 1,289,592,672\\ 1,538,55,104\\ 1,289,592,672\\ 1,538,355,104\\ 1,289,592,672\\ 1,538,351,051,901\\ 1,942,471,238\\ 2,605,119,788\\ 3,309,973,758\\ 3,806,413,541\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,227,426,307\\ 3,221,457,403\\ 3,706,544,997\\ 2,488,987,148\\ 2,375,917,691\\ 2,662,927,474\\ 2,570,561,931\\ 2,816,864,958\\ 3,100,604,637\\ 3,257,214,876\\ 3,582,345,302\\ 3,883,446,116\\ 3,280,236,603\\ \end{array}$

¹In accordance with a resolution passed by the Conference of British Commonwealth Statisticians, 1935, the net value of production is now computed by subtracting the cost of fuel and electricity as well as the cost of materials from the gross value of the products. The figures for 1924 and later years have, therefore, been revised in accordance with this resolution. The revision could not be carried farther back as statistics for cost of electricity are not available for years prior to 1924. ² A change in the method of computing the number of wage-centers in the years 1925 to 1930, inclusive, increased the number somewhat over that which the method otherwise used would have given. In 1931, however, the method in force prior to 1925 and earlier years.